

Bay Area Urban Areas Security Initiative

meyers nave

A Professional Law Corporation

2019 Brown Act Presentation

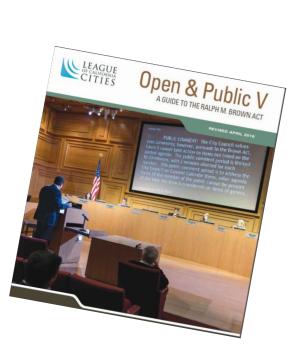
Eric S. Casher, Principal

August 8, 2019

Ralph M. Brown Act

Government Code sections 54950 et seq.





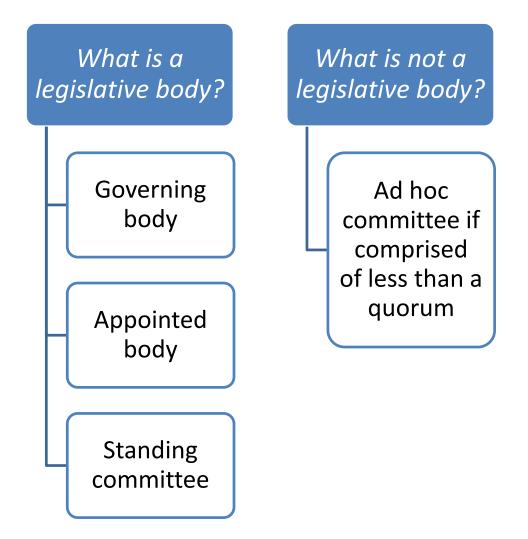
B. Brown Act

Open Meeting Requirements

- Meetings...
- Of Legislative Bodies...
- Shall be open and public



III. Government Transparency Laws Legislative Bodies



- **B.** Brown Act Definition of "Meetings"
 - A congregation of a majority of the members at the same time and place to hear, discuss, or deliberate on an item of business within the agency's subject matter jurisdiction
 - Exceptions:
 - Conferences
 - Community meetings
 - Social or ceremonial occasions

- Individual contacts
- Ad Hoc committees
- Meetings of other legislative bodies
- Individual deliberation and decision-making

- B. Brown Act— Avoiding "Serial Meetings"
 - Majority may not, outside a meeting, use a series of communications to discuss, deliberate, or take action on any item of business



 Does not prevent employees and officials from engaging in separate conversations outside of a meeting provided that the comments or positions of other members are not communicated

B. Brown Act—Avoiding "Serial Meetings"

Examples

• Hub and spoke

A staff member (the hub) communicates with members of a legislative body (the spokes) oneby-one for input on a proposed action and in the process reveals members' positions to other members in advance of the meeting.

• Daisy chain

In the daisy-chain scenario, Member A contacts Member B, Member B contacts Member C, Member C contacts Member D and so on, until a quorum has discussed, deliberated or taken action on an item within the legislative body's subject matter jurisdiction.

• Emails

Informal nature of email communication is ripe for inadvertent Brown Act violations



Brown Act Β.

Closed Sessions

- Closed session discussions are confidential
- Required to publicly report certain actions taken in closed session

Permissible Closed Session Topics:



- Real estate negotiations Personnel
- Pending or threatened litigation
- Labor negotiations
- Public security
- Initiation of litigation

B. Brown Act

May take action only on items on posted agenda

- Posting requirements:
 - *Regular meetings* must be posted 72
 hours before meeting
 - *Special meetings* must be posted **24** hours before meeting



- Exceptions
 - Emergency
 - Urgency → need for immediate action came to agency's attention after posting the agenda

B. Brown Act

- AB 2257: New rule for 2019!
- By 2019, agenda must be available through a prominent, direct link on agency's homepage.
- Alternatively, agency can provide a link to an integrated agenda management platform, with the current agenda at the top.

B. Brown Act

Public Participation Rights

 Regular meetings must provide an opportunity for the public to speak regarding on any matter within the body's jurisdiction



- Legislative body may briefly discuss these items and refer matters to staff, *but cannot take action*
- Public can address the legislative body on matters on the agenda before or during consideration of the item

B. Brown Act

Public Participation Rights

 Legislative body may adopt reasonable regulations limiting total amount of time for public testimony and for each speaker



- New Rule for 2019!
- If a legislative body does this, it must provide at least twice the allotted time to a member of the public who uses a translator

B. Brown Act

Public Participation Rights



- **B. Brown Act**
 - SB 1436
 - Requires an oral report in open session summarizing the recommendation to adjust the compensation of any "local agency executive" before action is taken.